

USCIS EXPEDITE LETTER SAMPLE

USCIS EXPEDITE LETTER SAMPLE IS A CRUCIAL TOOL FOR INDIVIDUALS SEEKING FASTER PROCESSING OF THEIR IMMIGRATION APPLICATIONS WITH THE UNITED STATES CITIZENSHIP AND IMMIGRATION SERVICES (USCIS). WHETHER YOU ARE FACING URGENT MEDICAL, HUMANITARIAN, OR FINANCIAL CIRCUMSTANCES, KNOWING HOW TO CRAFT AN EFFECTIVE EXPEDITE REQUEST CAN MAKE A SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCE. THIS COMPREHENSIVE GUIDE WILL WALK YOU THROUGH EVERYTHING YOU NEED TO KNOW ABOUT WRITING A USCIS EXPEDITE LETTER, INCLUDING ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS, ESSENTIAL COMPONENTS, TIPS FOR SUCCESS, AND A DETAILED SAMPLE YOU CAN USE AS A REFERENCE. WE WILL ALSO EXPLORE COMMON REASONS FOR EXPEDITING, FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS, AND BEST PRACTICES TO MAXIMIZE YOUR CHANCES OF APPROVAL. READ ON TO LEARN HOW TO STRUCTURE YOUR EXPEDITE LETTER, AVOID COMMON MISTAKES, AND ADDRESS THE UNIQUE REQUIREMENTS OF USCIS.

- UNDERSTANDING USCIS EXPEDITE REQUESTS
- ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA FOR EXPEDITE REQUESTS
- HOW TO WRITE A USCIS EXPEDITE LETTER
- KEY COMPONENTS OF AN EFFECTIVE EXPEDITE LETTER
- COMMON REASONS FOR EXPEDITE REQUESTS
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UNDERSTANDING USCIS EXPEDITE REQUESTS

WHEN PROCESSING TIMES FOR IMMIGRATION APPLICATIONS BECOME CRITICAL, THE OPTION TO REQUEST EXPEDITED PROCESSING CAN BE INVALUABLE. A USCIS EXPEDITE LETTER IS A FORMAL REQUEST ASKING THE AGENCY TO PRIORITIZE AND ACCELERATE THE REVIEW OF YOUR APPLICATION BASED ON COMPELLING CIRCUMSTANCES. NOT ALL REQUESTS ARE GRANTED; APPROVAL DEPENDS ON STRICT CRITERIA AND THE QUALITY OF YOUR SUPPORTING EVIDENCE. THE EXPEDITE PROCESS IS AVAILABLE FOR VARIOUS USCIS FORMS, INCLUDING I-130, I-485, I-765, AND OTHERS. KNOWING WHEN AND HOW TO REQUEST AN EXPEDITE CAN HELP YOU ADDRESS EMERGENCIES, PREVENT LOSS, OR MEET URGENT TRAVEL NEEDS.

ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA FOR EXPEDITE REQUESTS

USCIS EVALUATES EXPEDITE REQUESTS BASED ON SPECIFIC ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA. UNDERSTANDING THESE CRITERIA IS ESSENTIAL TO DETERMINE IF YOUR SITUATION QUALIFIES FOR EXPEDITED REVIEW. EXPEDITE REQUESTS ARE TYPICALLY GRANTED FOR SITUATIONS INVOLVING SEVERE FINANCIAL LOSS, URGENT HUMANITARIAN REASONS, MEDICAL EMERGENCIES, OR WHEN USCIS ITSELF MAKES AN ERROR. IT'S IMPORTANT TO PROVIDE CLEAR DOCUMENTATION THAT SUBSTANTIATES YOUR CLAIM AND ALIGNS WITH USCIS GUIDELINES.

BASIC ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS

- SEVERE FINANCIAL LOSS TO A PERSON OR COMPANY

- EMERGENCY SITUATIONS (SUCH AS URGENT MEDICAL NEEDS)
- HUMANITARIAN REASONS (E.G., SAFETY THREATS, FAMILY EMERGENCIES)
- NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION REQUESTS IN FURTHERANCE OF CULTURAL OR SOCIAL INTERESTS
- USCIS ERROR OR COMPELLING GOVERNMENT INTEREST

APPLICANTS MUST INCLUDE CREDIBLE, SPECIFIC EVIDENCE FOR THEIR EXPEDITE REQUEST. MERELY STATING URGENCY IS INSUFFICIENT; DOCUMENTATION AND A CLEAR EXPLANATION ARE NECESSARY.

HOW TO WRITE A USCIS EXPEDITE LETTER

WRITING A USCIS EXPEDITE LETTER REQUIRES CLARITY, PROFESSIONALISM, AND A FOCUS ON THE UNIQUE ASPECTS OF YOUR CASE. THE LETTER SHOULD BE CONCISE YET COMPREHENSIVE, DESCRIBING THE NATURE OF YOUR EMERGENCY AND WHY EXPEDITED PROCESSING IS NECESSARY. ADDRESS YOUR LETTER TO USCIS, INCLUDE RELEVANT IDENTIFYING INFORMATION, AND ATTACH SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS. CAREFULLY FOLLOW USCIS INSTRUCTIONS FOR SUBMITTING YOUR EXPEDITE REQUEST, WHETHER VIA PHONE, EMAIL, ONLINE, OR MAIL.

STRUCTURING YOUR EXPEDITE LETTER

1. BEGIN WITH YOUR CONTACT DETAILS AND CASE INFORMATION
2. STATE YOUR REQUEST FOR EXPEDITED PROCESSING
3. EXPLAIN THE REASONS FOR EXPEDITING
4. PROVIDE SUPPORTING FACTS AND EVIDENCE
5. INCLUDE A POLITE CLOSING AND REQUEST FOR CONSIDERATION

USING A LOGICAL STRUCTURE WILL HELP USCIS QUICKLY UNDERSTAND AND EVALUATE YOUR SITUATION.

KEY COMPONENTS OF AN EFFECTIVE EXPEDITE LETTER

AN EFFECTIVE USCIS EXPEDITE LETTER SHOULD CONTAIN SPECIFIC ELEMENTS THAT DEMONSTRATE THE URGENCY AND LEGITIMACY OF YOUR REQUEST. INCLUDING ALL NECESSARY DETAILS INCREASES YOUR CHANCES OF APPROVAL AND ENSURES THAT YOUR CASE IS CONSIDERED PROMPTLY.

ESSENTIAL INFORMATION TO INCLUDE

- YOUR FULL NAME AND CONTACT INFORMATION
- RECEIPT NUMBER AND TYPE OF APPLICATION
- DETAILED EXPLANATION OF THE EMERGENCY OR HARDSHIP

- RELEVANT SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION
- A CLEAR, DIRECT REQUEST FOR EXPEDITED PROCESSING
- A RESPECTFUL CLOSING STATEMENT

AVOID VAGUE STATEMENTS AND FOCUS ON FACTS SUPPORTED BY EVIDENCE, SUCH AS MEDICAL RECORDS, FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, OR AFFIDAVITS.

COMMON REASONS FOR EXPEDITE REQUESTS

USCIS RECEIVES EXPEDITE REQUESTS FOR A VARIETY OF REASONS. UNDERSTANDING THE MOST COMMON ONES CAN HELP YOU DETERMINE IF YOUR SITUATION ALIGNS WITH USCIS STANDARDS AND SELECT THE MOST APPROPRIATE SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS.

FREQUENT EXPEDITE SCENARIOS

- MEDICAL EMERGENCIES REQUIRING IMMEDIATE TRAVEL OR TREATMENT
- RISK OF LOSING EMPLOYMENT OR BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES
- HUMANITARIAN CRISES, SUCH AS WAR OR NATURAL DISASTERS AFFECTING FAMILY
- USCIS ADMINISTRATIVE ERRORS DELAYING PROCESSING
- NONPROFIT ACTIVITIES WITH URGENT TIMELINES

FOR EACH SCENARIO, USCIS EXPECTS SPECIFIC EVIDENCE THAT VALIDATES THE URGENCY AND MERIT OF YOUR REQUEST.

USCIS EXPEDITE LETTER SAMPLE TEMPLATE

BELOW IS A SAMPLE USCIS EXPEDITE LETTER TEMPLATE. THIS SAMPLE PROVIDES A CLEAR STRUCTURE AND LANGUAGE YOU CAN CUSTOMIZE FOR YOUR UNIQUE CIRCUMSTANCES. ALWAYS ENSURE THAT THE INFORMATION YOU INCLUDE IS ACCURATE AND TAILORED TO YOUR CASE.

[YOUR NAME]

[YOUR ADDRESS]

[CITY, STATE, ZIP CODE]

[PHONE NUMBER]

[EMAIL ADDRESS]

[DATE]

USCIS

[USCIS OFFICE ADDRESS OR SERVICE CENTER]

SUBJECT: REQUEST FOR EXPEDITED PROCESSING – [TYPE OF APPLICATION, E.G., I-765, I-130]

RECEIPT NUMBER: [YOUR RECEIPT NUMBER]

DEAR SIR/MADAM,

I AM WRITING TO RESPECTFULLY REQUEST EXPEDITED PROCESSING OF MY [NAME OF APPLICATION] DUE TO [BRIEFLY STATE REASON, E.G., URGENT MEDICAL EMERGENCY OR SEVERE FINANCIAL LOSS]. MY APPLICATION WAS FILED ON [DATE], AND MY RECEIPT NUMBER IS [NUMBER].

[EXPLAIN YOUR SITUATION IN DETAIL. FOR EXAMPLE: “I AM EXPERIENCING A MEDICAL EMERGENCY THAT REQUIRES IMMEDIATE ATTENTION AND TRAVEL. ATTACHED ARE MY MEDICAL RECORDS AND A LETTER FROM MY PHYSICIAN CONFIRMING THE URGENCY. DELAYS IN PROCESSING MY APPLICATION WILL RESULT IN SEVERE HARDSHIP AND RISK TO MY HEALTH.”]

I HAVE INCLUDED SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS TO SUBSTANTIATE MY REQUEST. I KINDLY ASK USCIS TO CONSIDER MY SITUATION AND GRANT EXPEDITED PROCESSING. THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION AND UNDERSTANDING.

SINCERELY,

[YOUR NAME]

TIPS FOR SUBMITTING YOUR EXPEDITE REQUEST

SUBMITTING A USCIS EXPEDITE LETTER IS ONLY PART OF THE PROCESS. FOLLOWING BEST PRACTICES CAN IMPROVE THE LIKELIHOOD THAT YOUR REQUEST IS REVIEWED AND APPROVED PROMPTLY. ALWAYS CHECK THE LATEST USCIS GUIDELINES FOR SUBMITTING EXPEDITE REQUESTS, AS PROCEDURES MAY CHANGE.

BEST PRACTICES FOR EXPEDITE REQUESTS

- DOUBLE-CHECK ELIGIBILITY BEFORE SUBMITTING YOUR REQUEST
- INCLUDE ALL NECESSARY DOCUMENTATION AS EVIDENCE
- KEEP YOUR LETTER CONCISE, CLEAR, AND PROFESSIONAL
- SUBMIT YOUR REQUEST USING THE CORRECT CHANNEL (ONLINE, PHONE, MAIL)
- FOLLOW UP WITH USCIS IF YOU DO NOT RECEIVE A TIMELY RESPONSE

CAREFUL PREPARATION AND ATTENTION TO DETAIL ARE ESSENTIAL FOR A SUCCESSFUL EXPEDITE REQUEST.

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS ABOUT USCIS EXPEDITE LETTERS

MANY APPLICANTS HAVE QUESTIONS ABOUT THE EXPEDITE PROCESS. BELOW ARE SOME OF THE MOST COMMON QUERIES, PROVIDING CLARITY AND GUIDANCE FOR THOSE CONSIDERING AN EXPEDITE REQUEST WITH USCIS.

Q: WHAT QUALIFIES AS AN EMERGENCY FOR A USCIS EXPEDITE REQUEST?

A: EMERGENCIES CAN INCLUDE MEDICAL CRISES, URGENT HUMANITARIAN CONCERNS, OR IMMINENT FINANCIAL LOSS. USCIS REQUIRES SUBSTANTIAL EVIDENCE, SUCH AS MEDICAL RECORDS, POLICE REPORTS, OR CERTIFIED STATEMENTS, TO VERIFY THE EMERGENCY.

Q: HOW LONG DOES IT TAKE TO RECEIVE A RESPONSE TO AN EXPEDITE REQUEST?

A: RESPONSE TIMES VARY DEPENDING ON THE COMPLEXITY OF YOUR CASE AND USCIS WORKLOAD. TYPICALLY, APPLICANTS RECEIVE A DECISION WITHIN SEVERAL DAYS TO A FEW WEEKS AFTER SUBMISSION.

Q: CAN ALL USCIS FORMS BE EXPEDITED?

A: NOT ALL USCIS FORMS ARE ELIGIBLE FOR EXPEDITED PROCESSING. COMMONLY EXPEDITED FORMS INCLUDE I-130, I-485, AND I-765. APPLICANTS SHOULD CHECK USCIS GUIDELINES FOR SPECIFIC FORM ELIGIBILITY.

Q: WHAT HAPPENS IF MY EXPEDITE REQUEST IS DENIED?

A: IF DENIED, YOUR APPLICATION WILL CONTINUE UNDER REGULAR PROCESSING TIMES. YOU CAN REAPPLY FOR EXPEDITE IF NEW, COMPELLING EVIDENCE ARISES OR CIRCUMSTANCES CHANGE.

Q: DO I NEED A LAWYER TO WRITE A USCIS EXPEDITE LETTER?

A: ALTHOUGH A LAWYER CAN HELP STRENGTHEN YOUR CASE, YOU DO NOT NEED LEGAL REPRESENTATION TO SUBMIT AN EXPEDITE REQUEST. FOLLOWING USCIS GUIDELINES AND PROVIDING CLEAR, FACTUAL EVIDENCE IS MOST IMPORTANT.

Q: WHAT SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS SHOULD I INCLUDE WITH MY EXPEDITE LETTER?

A: SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS MAY INCLUDE MEDICAL RECORDS, FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, AFFIDAVITS, POLICE REPORTS, OR EMPLOYER LETTERS. ATTACH ANY DOCUMENT THAT SUBSTANTIATES YOUR CLAIM FOR URGENCY.

Q: IS THERE A FEE FOR SUBMITTING AN EXPEDITE REQUEST TO USCIS?

A: USCIS DOES NOT CHARGE A FEE FOR EXPEDITE REQUESTS. HOWEVER, STANDARD FILING FEES FOR YOUR APPLICATION STILL APPLY.

Q: CAN I CHECK THE STATUS OF MY EXPEDITE REQUEST ONLINE?

A: YES, YOU CAN MONITOR THE STATUS OF YOUR APPLICATION THROUGH YOUR USCIS ONLINE ACCOUNT OR BY CONTACTING CUSTOMER SERVICE.

Q: ARE EXPEDITE REQUESTS GUARANTEED TO BE APPROVED?

A: NO, ALL EXPEDITE REQUESTS ARE SUBJECT TO USCIS REVIEW. APPROVAL DEPENDS ON THE STRENGTH OF YOUR EVIDENCE AND WHETHER THE SITUATION MEETS USCIS CRITERIA.

Q: SHOULD I SUBMIT MY EXPEDITE LETTER WITH MY INITIAL APPLICATION OR SEPARATELY?

A: EXPEDITE REQUESTS ARE TYPICALLY SUBMITTED AFTER THE INITIAL APPLICATION IS FILED AND YOU HAVE RECEIVED A RECEIPT NUMBER. ALWAYS FOLLOW USCIS INSTRUCTIONS FOR YOUR SPECIFIC CASE.

[Uscis Expedite Letter Sample](#)

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USCIS Expedite Letter Sample: Your Guide to a Faster Processing Time

Are you anxiously awaiting a decision from USCIS? The wait can be agonizing, but did you know you might be able to expedite the process? This comprehensive guide provides you with a sample USCIS expedite letter, along with essential tips and strategies to significantly increase your chances of success. We'll break down what makes a compelling expedite request, the crucial information to include, and the potential pitfalls to avoid. By the end of this post, you'll be well-equipped to write your own persuasive expedite request and potentially shorten your waiting time.

Understanding the Need for USCIS Expedite Requests

Before we delve into sample letters, let's clarify what an expedite request is and when it's appropriate. An expedite request is a formal letter sent to USCIS explaining why your case requires urgent processing. USCIS prioritizes cases based on certain criteria, and submitting a well-written expedite request significantly increases your chances of getting your case reviewed sooner. Remember, this isn't a guaranteed shortcut; it's a formal appeal for faster processing based on demonstrable need.

When to Consider Expediting Your USCIS Case

Several compelling reasons justify an expedite request. These include:

Severe financial loss: If the delay in processing is causing significant financial hardship, clearly document this with supporting evidence.

Urgent medical needs: Serious medical conditions requiring immediate attention, for yourself or a family member, are a strong justification. Provide detailed medical documentation.

Urgent travel needs: Essential travel for work, education, or family emergencies can be compelling reasons. Provide irrefutable evidence of these needs.

Cases nearing expiration: If your case is nearing its expiration date, highlighting this urgency is crucial.

Employment-related issues: Demonstrate how the delay affects your job, such as a job offer contingent on USCIS approval. Provide offer letters or employment contracts as evidence.

USCIS Expedite Letter Sample: A Template for Success

The following sample letter demonstrates the key components of a successful expedite request. Remember to replace the bracketed information with your specific details.

...

[Your Name]

[Your Address]

[Your Phone Number]

[Your Email Address]

[Date]

United States Citizenship and Immigration Services

[USCIS Office Address]

Subject: Expedite Request for Case Number [Your Case Number]

Dear USCIS Officer,

This letter is to formally request expedited processing of my case, [Your Case Number], for [Application Type, e.g., Adjustment of Status]. The original receipt date was [Receipt Date].

[Clearly and concisely explain your reason for requesting expedited processing. Be specific and provide detailed evidence to support your claim. For example: "Due to a serious medical condition requiring urgent treatment in [Location], I respectfully request expedited processing of my application. Attached is supporting medical documentation from my physician, Dr. [Doctor's Name], confirming the urgency of my situation."]

The delay in processing my application is causing [Explain the consequences of the delay - financial hardship, job loss, missed opportunities, etc. Quantify the impact whenever possible. For example, "a significant financial hardship, as I am unable to secure employment without the green card."].

I have attached all necessary supporting documents, including [List all documents attached, e.g., medical records, employment offer letter, travel itinerary]. I understand the importance of following all USCIS guidelines and regulations.

Thank you for your time and consideration. I eagerly await your response and look forward to a swift resolution to my case.

Sincerely,
[Your Signature]
[Your Typed Name]
^^

Essential Elements of a Strong Expedite Letter

Clarity and Conciseness: Avoid jargon and write in clear, simple language.

Specific Details: Provide precise dates, names, and details to support your claims.

Supporting Evidence: Attach all relevant documentation to strengthen your request.

Professional Tone: Maintain a respectful and professional tone throughout the letter.

Proof of Urgency: Clearly demonstrate the urgency of your situation.

Common Mistakes to Avoid

Generic requests: Avoid generic templates; personalize your letter to your specific circumstances.

Insufficient evidence: Provide ample, credible evidence to support your claims.

Unprofessional tone: Maintain a respectful and professional tone throughout the letter.

Missing key information: Ensure you include all necessary information, such as your case number and contact details.

Inaccurate information: Double-check all information for accuracy before submitting your letter.

Conclusion

Submitting an expedite request can significantly reduce the processing time of your USCIS case. By following the guidelines and utilizing the sample letter provided, you can significantly increase your chances of success. Remember, a well-written, evidence-based request is key to getting your case prioritized. Good luck!

FAQs

1. Can I expedite any USCIS application? While you can submit an expedite request for many applications, not all are eligible for expedited processing. USCIS has specific criteria.
2. How long does it take for USCIS to respond to an expedite request? There's no guaranteed timeframe. It depends on the caseload and the urgency of your situation.
3. What happens if my expedite request is denied? If denied, you can resubmit with additional supporting evidence if your circumstances change or you have new information.
4. Where do I send my expedite request letter? The letter should be sent to the appropriate USCIS office handling your case. Your case receipt notice will specify the address.
5. Are there any fees associated with submitting an expedite request? No, there are no additional fees for submitting an expedite request.

uscis expedite letter sample: How to Get a Green Card Ilona Bray, 2022-07-26 Do you fit within one of the various green card categories offered by U.S. immigration law? If so, what should you do next to claim U.S. permanent residence? Find out about the most promising opportunities and the application procedures in *How to Get a Green Card*. This book has helped countless immigrants over the years--especially ones who aren't lucky enough to have an employer sponsoring them. Because U.S. law is complex and the immigration system is an enormous bureaucracy, however, it's vital that you not only learn the basics, but how to avoid common mistakes and pitfalls that might cause major delays or ruin your chances for success. Here, you'll find out how to work with U.S. officials and prepare and present the right documents at the right time to get a green card through: parents, siblings, or adult children a U.S. spouse or fiancé green card lotteries (diversity visa) political asylum or refugee status a U visa for crime victims, or another category you might qualify for. The 15th edition covers changes made by the Biden Administration, including new procedures for U visa applications, COVID-19 vaccination requirements, and the latest on the Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals program (DACA). It also includes the latest income requirements for immigrants, and filled-in samples of all key application forms.

uscis expedite letter sample: Immigration Procedures Handbook Austin T. Fragomen, Alfred J. Del Rey, Steven C. Bell, 2007

uscis expedite letter sample: The Army Lawyer , 2005

uscis expedite letter sample: *Immigration Practice - 15th Edition* Robert C. Divine, 2014-06-01 *Immigration Practice* guides readers through all aspects of immigration law in one volume, complete with over 3,000 footnote citations to the wide range of statutes, regulations, court and administrative cases, policy memos, operations instructions, agency interpretive letters, and internet sites that a lawyer needs for complete understanding of a particular problem. No other source merges the practical with commentary and analysis so helpfully. The book explains in understandable language and meaningful and dependable detail the substantive issues and the practical procedures a lawyer needs to handle a specific immigration matter, complete with checklists of forms, supporting evidence, and other strategies needed for application/petition packages. The book has unparalleled coherence, integration and consistency. * Liberally cross references to other sections in the book where related topics are discussed (because so many topics are interrelated). * Line-by-line instructions on how to complete the most commonly used forms to avoid embarrassing mistakes. * Lists the contents of packages to file with government agencies: forms and fees, detailed support letters, and other supporting evidence. * Explanations of potentially applicable visa options organized according to the attributes of the foreign national (and the employer), rather than classifications in alphabetical order, so that practitioners can make sense of options in light of the client in the office. * Comparisons and charts of attributes and procedures of

such topics as nonimmigrant visa classifications, procedures to permanent residence, and standards of extreme hardship. * Citations throughout the book, and collection in the extensive CD-ROM Appendix, to primary source materials and the most useful Internet site URLs with explanation of the increasingly helpful free databases and tools available through each one. • Internet Links: Constantly increased and updated links to government web sites containing current contact information, forms, primary law sources of all types, case status information, and processing and substantive guides--all referenced by pinpoint citations in the text. See Chapter 5 explaining sources of law, Appendix C and D-1 showing web links, and the CD-ROM in the back cover providing one-click access! Readers are strongly encouraged to review and use the CD-ROM and to consider saving Appendix C, D-1, and E-1 into their hard drives or saving the links to their internet browser favorites or bookmarks for ready reference all the time. • Upgraded removal-related treatment: significant improvements to Chapters 10, 11, and 16 by attorney who has worked for immigration courts several years. • Supreme Court decisions: effects of limited marijuana distribution offense as aggravated felony (§ 10-6(b)(1)(vi)); tax offenses as aggravated felonies (§ 10-6(b)(1)(vi)); rejection of comparable grounds rule for 212(c) eligibility (§ 10-6(b)(1)(vii)); modified categorical approach applies only to divisible statutes (§ 10-6(b)(2)(i)); non-retroactivity of Padilla decision (§ 10-6(b)(2)(vi)); rejection of the statutory counterpart rule for § 212(c) waivers (§ 11-5(f)); invalidation of the Defense of Marriage Act § 14-7(a)(2)(i); non-imputation to child of firm resettlement of parents (§ 16-4(c)). • Lower federal court decisions: concerning such issues as: recognizing a beneficiary to have standing to challenge a USCIS petition denial (§ 2-2(a)(1)(I)); reviewability of good moral character determinations and other (§ 2-2(a)(1)(I)); court order of USCIS to speed up FOIA certain responses (§ 4-2); CBP FOIA process (§ 4-2); DOL case disclosure data (§ 4-5); need to exhaust remedies under DHS TRIP to challenge inclusion on watch list (§ 10-3); CIMT crime determinations (§ 10-6(b)(1)(iii)); effect of a single firearm sale (§ 10-6(b)(1)(vi)); 212(h) waiver eligibility in regard to post-entry adjustment but not as to stand alone request (§ 10-6(b)(3)); interference with police helicopter using laser light as CIMT (§ 10-6(c)); whether post-entry adjustment is an admission for § 212(h) waivers (§ 10-6(b)(3)); whether there is an involuntariness or duress exception to the terrorism support bar (§ 10-6(c)); enforcement of I-864 financial support obligations (§ 10-6(d)(2)); mandatory bond hearing after six months of detention (§ 11-3(f)); ICE detainers found to lack authority (§ 11-3(g)); representation in immigration court at government expense for aliens with serious mental disabilities (§ 11-4(g)); stop-time and petty offense exceptions relating to cancellation of removal (§ 11-5(f)); revelation of the BIA's erroneous reliance for decades on nonexistent provisions of Mexican Constitution affecting legitimation issues (§ 12-3(d)(3)); rejection of BIA's rule against nunc pro tunc adoption orders (§ 14-7(b)(3)); invalidation of FSBPT efforts to restrict applicants from certain countries to sit for physical therapy exams (§ 15-2(c)(2)); use of impeachment evidence only to terminate asylum (16-2(b)); asylum claims of German homeschooled, and mixed motive cases (§ 16-4(a)(3)); social group asylum claims (§ 16-4(a)(3)); expansive implications of inconsistencies in testimony (§ 16-4(a)(4)); particularly serious crimes barring asylum claims (§ 16-4(c)); special asylum procedures for unaccompanied children (§ 16-4(c)); adjustment eligibility of alien who entered without inspection and then obtained TPS (§ 16-7(a)(6)); eligibility of after-acquired spouse under Cuban Adjustment Act (§ 16-7(e)); preempted state law provisions aimed at aliens, employers, and landlords (§ 19-4(l)(3)). • BIA decisions on such issues as: what constitutes a drug trafficking crime (§ 10-6(b)(1)(iv)); implications of child pornography conviction (§ 10-6(b)(1)(vi)); possession of ammunition by a convicted felon (§ 10-6(b)(1)(vi)); availability of stand-alone § 212(h) waiver without adjustment application (§ 10-6(b)(3)); service of NTA on a minor (§ 11-3(b)); service of NTA and other safeguards for aliens with serious mental conditions (§ 11-4(g)); approval of administrative closure of removal cases (§ 11-5(d)); termination of asylum, then removal and relief in proceedings (§16-2(b)); relocation issues in asylum claims (§ 16-4(a)(3)). • Regulations, government policy memorandums, other decisions, and government web site enhancements concerning such matters as: differing government renderings of single name for certain persons (§ 1-6(a)(3)); USCIS refusal to accept stamped signatures for attorneys on G-28

(§1-6(a)(3)); USCIS use of bar codes for forms, and danger of making marginal notes on forms (§1-6(a)(3)); USCIS use of customer-completed e-Request Service inquiries (§ 2-2(a)(1)(F)); movement of all visa processing to the electronic CEAC system (§ 2-3(a)); replacement of the CBP Inspectors Field Manual with the Officer's Reference Tool and the beginning effort to replace the USCIS Adjudicators Field Manual with the online Policy Manual (§ 5-4); replacement of the paper I-94 card for air and sea entries with an automated online I-94 record (§ 7-4(b) and other sections); new section on Other Redress for Adverse Results (on visas and admissions, § 7-4(c)(14)); the radical implications of Matter of Arrabally and Yerrabelly concerning the effects of departure under advance parole (§§ 8-7(d)(2)(i) and 10-6(f)); modernization of the immigrant visa process (§ 8-8); new Provisional Unlawful Presence Waivers within the U.S. using Form I-601A (§ 10-6(f)); exception to false claim to U.S. citizenship inadmissibility if claim made before individual was age 18 (§ 10-6(g)); EOIR Online representative registration system (§ 11-3(e)); ICE Parental Interests Directive and ICE eBOND online bonding process (§ 11-3(f)); ICE non-renewal of 287(f) agreements (§ 11-3(g)); Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (§ 11-3(h)(3)); ICE recognition and implementation of statute allowing post-removal challenges (§11-8(b)); new USCIS Policy Manual provisions on naturalization eligibility and process, including residence, selective service, § 319(b) special rules, and other issues, and new N-400 form and instructions (Chapter 12); Government-side implementation of the Supreme Court's recognition of same-sex marriage (various chapters); exceptional circumstances allowing foreign-country filing of I-130 petitions where no USCIS office is located (§ 14-5(a)); implications of a withdrawn I-140 (§ 15-1(h)); various policy developments concerning EB-5 investors (§ 15-2(f)); numerous BALCA cases and DOL positions affecting the PERM labor certification process and the publication of data about applications (§ 15-3); updated Affirmative Asylum Procedures Manual (§ 16-3(a)); USCIS memo on exceptional circumstances for failure to appear at asylum interview (§ 16-3(a)(1)(iii)); litigation settlement agreements to share asylum officer interview notes in FOIA (§ 16-3(a)(2)), concerning asylum applicant work authorization process and Clock (§ 16-3(c)), and failure to appear at I-730 interview (§ 16-3(f)); bundling of related L-1 petitions (§ 17-3(b)(4)(i)); presumed L-1 visa validity for maximum reciprocity duration but sometimes more limited stays from CBP (§ 17-3(b)(7)); filing I-129 petition for Canadian TN, and duration of Mexican TN separate from visa validity (§ 17-4(c)(2)(ii)); H-1B and H-2A flip-flopping administrative and congressional positions (§ 17-4(d) and 17-5(e)(1)); B-1 in lieu of H in effect but under review (§ 18-3(1)(2)(B)); accreditation requirements for F-1 language training programs (§ 18-4(d)(1)); cessation of CBP stamping of I-20 forms (§ 18-4(d)(3)); use of electronic ELIS system for certain changes of status (§ 18-4(d)(4)); new cap gap and STEM OPT extension policies (§ 18-4(d)(9)(iii)); possible need for separate waivers for different J experiences subject to § 212(e) (§ 18-5(b)(2)(ix)); revisions to M-274 Handbook for Employers for I-9, USCIS I-9 Central web site, and IRS tightening of ITIN application process (§ 19-4(b)); ICE policies about auditing electronically generated I-9 forms (§ 19-4(h)); OCAHO reductions of ICE I-9 fines on employers (§ 19-4(j)); ICE definition of technical and procedural errors subject to correction under good faith rules (§ 19-4(j)); USCIS revision of E-Verify MOU and new notice to workers about TNC resolution, expansion of E-Verify photo tool, and lock out of suspect SSNs from E-Verify (§ 19-4(l)(1)).

uscis expedite letter sample: *Welcome to the United States* , 2007

uscis expedite letter sample: *Immigration Practice* , 2010

uscis expedite letter sample: *Navigating the Fundamentals of Immigration Law* , 2010

uscis expedite letter sample: *CBP Inspector's Field Manual* U.S. Customs and Border Protection, American Immigration Lawyers Association, 2008-01-01

uscis expedite letter sample: *Model Rules of Professional Conduct* American Bar Association. House of Delegates, Center for Professional Responsibility (American Bar Association), 2007 The Model Rules of Professional Conduct provides an up-to-date resource for information on legal ethics. Federal, state and local courts in all jurisdictions look to the Rules for guidance in solving lawyer malpractice cases, disciplinary actions, disqualification issues, sanctions questions and much more. In this volume, black-letter Rules of Professional Conduct are followed by numbered Comments that

explain each Rule's purpose and provide suggestions for its practical application. The Rules will help you identify proper conduct in a variety of given situations, review those instances where discretionary action is possible, and define the nature of the relationship between you and your clients, colleagues and the courts.

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Crossroads documents the uses of the state and local data and assesses the quality of the data for those uses. This book provides in-depth consideration of the efficiency of the surveys; the user base; and the timeliness, relevance, and quality of the data series. It also provides valuable background information and analysis and offers suggestions for program improvements. This information will be valuable to policy makers, state and local government workers, government contractors, budget analysts, economists, demographers, and others who rely on these data on government at the state and local levels and have a stake in ensuring that limited resources do not compromise the quality of the data on which they rely.

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policy. Immigration is a matter of homeland security and international competitiveness, as well as a deeply human issue central to the lives of millions of individuals and families. It cuts to the heart of questions of citizenship and American identity and plays a large role in shaping both America's reality and its image in the world. Immigration's emergence as a foreign policy issue coincides with the increasing reach of globalization. Not only must countries today compete to attract and retain talented people from around the world, but the view of the United States as a place of unparalleled openness and opportunity is also crucial to the maintenance of American leadership. There is a consensus that current policy is not serving the United States well on any of these fronts. Yet agreement on reform has proved elusive. The goal of the Independent Task Force on U.S. Immigration Policy was to examine this complex issue and craft a nuanced strategy for reforming immigration policies and practices.

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