

case study sociology

case study sociology is a powerful research approach that uncovers in-depth insights into social behaviors, institutions, and communities. This article explores what a case study in sociology entails, its primary methods, the advantages and challenges it presents, and how to design effective sociological case studies. Readers will also discover famous examples, practical applications, and tips for conducting impactful research. Whether you are a student, researcher, or simply interested in social sciences, this comprehensive guide offers everything you need to understand case study sociology and its significance in unraveling the complexities of society. Explore the key principles, steps, and best practices that make case studies a cornerstone of sociological research.

- What is Case Study Sociology?
- Key Features of Sociological Case Studies
- Types of Case Study Methods in Sociology
- Steps to Conduct a Case Study in Sociology
- Advantages of Case Study Sociology
- Common Challenges and Limitations
- Famous Examples of Sociological Case Studies
- Applications of Case Studies in Sociology
- Best Practices for Effective Case Study Research
- Summary and Final Thoughts

What is Case Study Sociology?

Case study sociology is a qualitative research method used to investigate and analyze individuals, groups, organizations, or events within their real-life contexts. By focusing on specific cases, sociologists aim to gain a deep understanding of complex social phenomena that cannot be captured by quantitative methods alone. This approach allows researchers to explore the intricacies of social interactions, cultural practices, institutional dynamics, and historical developments, making it an essential tool in the field of sociology.

Unlike surveys or large-scale statistical analyses, case studies offer a holistic and nuanced perspective, often revealing hidden patterns, motivations, and meanings behind social behaviors. Through detailed observations, interviews, and document analysis, case study

sociology brings the lived experiences of people and communities to the forefront of academic inquiry.

Key Features of Sociological Case Studies

Focus on Real-Life Contexts

Sociological case studies emphasize understanding phenomena within their natural environments. Researchers immerse themselves in the setting, observing how social dynamics unfold organically rather than in controlled laboratory conditions.

In-Depth Exploration

This method prioritizes depth over breadth. Case studies in sociology involve thorough investigations, often spanning extensive periods, to capture detailed information about the subject.

Multiple Data Sources

A hallmark of case study sociology is the use of diverse data sources. Researchers typically combine interviews, participant observation, archival records, and sometimes quantitative data to build a comprehensive picture of the case.

Flexibility in Research Design

Case studies allow researchers to adapt their approaches as new evidence emerges. This flexibility fosters richer insights and accommodates the complex nature of social life.

- Contextual understanding of social phenomena
- Holistic and detailed data collection
- Use of multiple data collection methods
- Adaptability to changing research circumstances

Types of Case Study Methods in Sociology

Intrinsic Case Studies

Intrinsic case studies focus on a unique or unusual case that is interesting in its own right. The goal is not necessarily to generalize findings but to understand the particularities of the case itself.

Instrumental Case Studies

Instrumental case studies use a specific case to provide insights into a broader issue or phenomenon. The case acts as a tool to understand something beyond itself, such as a social process or institutional practice.

Collective (Multiple) Case Studies

Collective case studies involve the simultaneous or sequential study of multiple cases. This approach enables researchers to compare and contrast different instances, strengthening the validity and reliability of the findings.

Steps to Conduct a Case Study in Sociology

Selecting the Case

The first step is to choose a case that aligns with the research objectives. The case should be relevant, accessible, and capable of providing meaningful insights into the sociological topic of interest.

Defining Research Questions

Clear, focused research questions guide the direction of the study. These questions should address the core issues the researcher aims to explore within the case.

Choosing Data Collection Methods

Researchers decide which qualitative or mixed-methods techniques to use, including interviews, observations, document analysis, or surveys, based on the nature of the case.

and the research questions.

Data Collection and Analysis

Fieldwork involves gathering data through the chosen methods. Analysis is often iterative, with researchers refining themes and patterns as they review the data.

Reporting and Interpretation

The findings are organized into a coherent narrative or report, linking evidence to theoretical frameworks and drawing conclusions that advance sociological understanding.

1. Identify and select a case
2. Formulate research questions
3. Choose data collection strategies
4. Collect and analyze data
5. Interpret and report results

Advantages of Case Study Sociology

Rich, Detailed Data

Case study sociology generates comprehensive and textured data, offering insights into the lived realities of individuals and groups that other methods may overlook.

Theoretical and Practical Relevance

Findings from case studies often contribute both to sociological theory and to practical solutions for real-world challenges. This dual relevance makes them valuable in academic and applied settings.

Flexibility and Adaptability

The flexible design of case studies enables researchers to respond to emerging issues, new evidence, or shifting contexts during the research process.

Common Challenges and Limitations

Limited Generalizability

Because case studies focus on specific cases, it can be difficult to generalize findings to wider populations. However, their depth of insight often compensates for this limitation.

Potential for Researcher Bias

Close involvement with the case can introduce subjective bias. Researchers must remain vigilant, employing strategies such as triangulation and reflexivity to enhance validity.

Time-Intensive Nature

Case study research often requires significant time investment for data collection, analysis, and interpretation, making it less suitable for studies with tight deadlines.

Famous Examples of Sociological Case Studies

The Chicago School's Urban Ethnographies

Early urban sociologists at the University of Chicago, such as William Foote Whyte and Clifford Shaw, conducted landmark case studies on urban communities, gangs, and neighborhood life, shaping the foundations of qualitative sociology.

The Stanford Prison Experiment

Though primarily a psychological study, the Stanford Prison Experiment by Philip Zimbardo has been widely analyzed in sociology for its insights into institutional power, group dynamics, and social roles.

Studying Social Movements

Case studies of social movements, such as the Civil Rights Movement or feminist activism, have provided deep understanding of collective action, leadership, and cultural change.

Applications of Case Studies in Sociology

Case study sociology is applied across various fields and topics. Researchers use it to examine institutions like schools and hospitals, analyze community dynamics, study social problems such as poverty and crime, and explore cultural practices in different societies. This method is also valuable in policy analysis, organizational research, and comparative studies of global phenomena.

- Investigating community development projects
- Analyzing organizational culture in businesses or NGOs
- Understanding social integration in immigrant communities
- Exploring the impact of public policies on marginalized groups

Best Practices for Effective Case Study Research

Establish Clear Objectives

Define the purpose and scope of your case study at the outset to guide your research and maintain focus throughout the project.

Engage Multiple Perspectives

Involve diverse participants and data sources to enrich your analysis and mitigate the risk of bias.

Maintain Ethical Standards

Always prioritize ethical considerations, including informed consent, confidentiality, and respectful treatment of participants.

Document and Reflect

Keep detailed records of your research process and reflect on your own role and potential influence on the findings.

Summary and Final Thoughts

Case study sociology is a vital research method that brings depth, context, and nuance to sociological inquiry. By focusing on specific cases, sociologists can uncover the complexities of social life, provide valuable theoretical and practical insights, and contribute to our understanding of society's challenges and transformations. Whether applied in academic research, policy analysis, or community work, the case study method remains a cornerstone of the sociological toolkit.

Q: What is a case study in sociology?

A: A case study in sociology is a qualitative research method focused on an in-depth examination of a particular individual, group, event, or organization within its real-life context, aiming to uncover detailed insights into social phenomena.

Q: What are the main types of sociological case studies?

A: The main types include intrinsic case studies (focused on a unique case), instrumental case studies (using a case to understand a broader phenomenon), and collective case studies (involving multiple cases for comparison).

Q: How do sociologists collect data for case studies?

A: Sociologists use a combination of methods, such as participant observation, interviews, surveys, and document analysis, to gather comprehensive data from various sources related to the case.

Q: What are the advantages of using case study sociology?

A: Advantages include gaining rich, detailed data, achieving a holistic understanding of social phenomena, flexibility in research design, and the ability to generate both theoretical and practical insights.

Q: What are common challenges with case study

research in sociology?

A: Common challenges include limited generalizability, potential for researcher bias, and the time-intensive nature of data collection and analysis.

Q: Can findings from a case study be generalized to larger populations?

A: Typically, findings from a case study are not easily generalizable due to the focus on specific cases, but they provide in-depth understanding that can inform broader theories and future research.

Q: What is an example of a famous sociological case study?

A: One well-known example is William Foote Whyte's study of urban gangs in "Street Corner Society," which provided groundbreaking insights into community organization and social networks.

Q: How do case studies contribute to sociological theory?

A: Case studies often reveal new patterns, generate hypotheses, and provide empirical foundations for developing or refining sociological theories.

Q: In which areas is case study sociology commonly applied?

A: Case study sociology is used in community studies, organizational research, policy analysis, studies of social movements, and investigations of cultural practices.

Q: What ethical considerations are important in sociological case studies?

A: Researchers must ensure informed consent, protect participant confidentiality, and conduct research with sensitivity and respect to all involved parties.

Case Study Sociology

Find other PDF articles:

<https://fc1.getfilecloud.com/t5-goramblers-01/pdf?dataid=kgt84-0149&title=additional-practice-wor>

Case Study Sociology: Unveiling the Power of In-Depth Social Research

Introduction:

Sociology, the scientific study of society and social interactions, relies heavily on rigorous research methods to understand complex social phenomena. Among these methods, the case study stands out as a powerful tool for in-depth analysis and rich qualitative data gathering. This blog post delves into the world of case study sociology, exploring its methodologies, applications, advantages, limitations, and crucial considerations for conducting effective research. We'll dissect the process, examine successful examples, and equip you with the knowledge to understand and even conduct your own sociological case studies. Prepare to unlock the secrets behind this invaluable research approach.

What is a Case Study in Sociology?

A case study in sociology is an in-depth investigation of a single social unit – be it an individual, a group, an organization, an event, or a community. Unlike large-scale quantitative studies that focus on broad trends, case studies prioritize rich, detailed data about a specific instance. This allows sociologists to explore intricate social processes, uncover nuanced relationships, and develop insightful interpretations that broader surveys might miss. The goal is not necessarily to generalize findings to the entire population but to gain a deep understanding of the specific case under scrutiny.

The Importance of Context in Case Study Sociology

One key strength of the case study approach is its emphasis on context. Sociologists recognize that social phenomena are rarely isolated events. They are embedded within specific historical, cultural, and structural circumstances that profoundly shape their development and outcome. A case study allows researchers to examine these contextual factors in detail, building a comprehensive picture of the social reality under investigation.

Types of Case Study Designs in Sociology

There are several different types of case studies employed in sociological research:

1. Intrinsic Case Studies:

These focus on a particular case because it is inherently interesting or unique. The researcher isn't seeking to generalize findings, but rather to deeply understand the specific characteristics of that one case. For example, a study focusing on a specific community's response to a natural disaster.

2. Instrumental Case Studies:

These use a specific case to illuminate a broader theoretical issue or to illustrate a particular social process. The chosen case serves as a vehicle to understand a larger phenomenon. For instance, studying a single company's implementation of a new diversity program to understand broader organizational change.

3. Collective Case Studies:

These involve examining multiple cases to compare and contrast their characteristics and identify patterns. This approach can lead to more generalizable findings compared to single case studies, while still retaining the in-depth qualitative analysis.

Conducting a Case Study in Sociology: A Step-by-Step Guide

Conducting a successful case study requires careful planning and execution. The process typically involves these stages:

1. Defining the Research Question:

Clearly articulate the central research question guiding the study. This question should be focused

and manageable within the scope of a single case study.

2. Selecting the Case:

Choosing the right case is crucial. Consider the accessibility of data, the relevance to the research question, and the potential for rich insights.

3. Data Collection:

Utilize a range of methods, including interviews, observations, document analysis, and archival research. Triangulation (using multiple data sources) is recommended to ensure the validity and reliability of findings.

4. Data Analysis:

Analyze the collected data systematically, identifying patterns, themes, and relationships. Qualitative data analysis software can be helpful in managing large datasets.

5. Reporting the Findings:

Present the findings in a clear, concise, and well-organized manner, ensuring that the contextual factors are adequately described.

Advantages and Limitations of Case Study Sociology

Advantages:

In-depth understanding: Provides detailed insights into complex social phenomena.

Contextual richness: Captures the nuances of specific social settings.

Generates hypotheses: Can inform the development of future research.

Flexibility: Adaptable to various research questions and settings.

Limitations:

Generalizability: Findings may not be easily generalizable to other populations.

Researcher bias: Potential for subjective interpretations.

Time-consuming: Requires significant time and resources.

Data management: Can be challenging to manage and analyze large datasets.

Conclusion:

Case study sociology offers a valuable approach for gaining deep, contextualized understanding of social phenomena. While limitations exist regarding generalizability, its strength lies in its ability to uncover rich detail and nuanced insights often missed by broader quantitative studies. By carefully planning and executing the research process, sociologists can leverage the power of case studies to contribute significantly to our understanding of the social world.

FAQs:

1. What are some examples of successful sociological case studies? Studies on the impact of social media on political mobilization, the effects of gentrification on specific communities, or analyses of organizational cultures within specific companies are all examples.
2. How do I ensure the objectivity of my case study research? Employing rigorous data collection methods, using triangulation, reflexivity (acknowledging your own biases), and peer review can help enhance objectivity.
3. What ethical considerations should I address when conducting a case study? Informed consent, confidentiality, anonymity, and minimizing potential harm to participants are crucial ethical considerations.
4. Can quantitative data be incorporated into a case study? Absolutely. Quantitative data can complement qualitative data, providing a more comprehensive understanding of the case.
5. What software can assist in case study data analysis? NVivo, Atlas.ti, and MAXQDA are popular qualitative data analysis software packages that can aid in coding, organizing, and analyzing qualitative data from interviews, observations, and documents.

case study sociology: *Case Study Methods* Jacques Hamel, Stephane Dufour, Dominic Fortin, 1993-09-15 In this introduction to understanding, researching and doing case studies in the social sciences, Hamel outlines several differing traditions of case study research including the Chicago School of Sociology, the anthropological case studies of Malinowski, and the French La Play school tradition. He shows how each developed, changed and has been practiced over time. Suggestions for the practice of case studies are made for the novice reader and an additional feature is the extensive bibliography on case study methods in social science to allow for further exploration of the topic.

case study sociology: Contemporary Social Issues: Sociology Through Case Studies

Michael Gibbons, 2016-06-30 Contemporary Social Issues: Sociology through Case Studies

case study sociology: Doing Sociology Jammie Price, Roger Straus, Jeff Breese, 2009-08-16

This successor to the well-known *Using Sociology* covers standard topics found in any sociology textbook. *Doing Sociology* walks lay readers through the steps of doing real-life sociological practices as conducted by experts in the field. The contributors to this volume range from university and college faculty, government sociologists, and practitioners from the private sector. Each of the chapters is by intention and design a personal statement, a case study illustrating how the authors practice sociology in their own words and style, giving readers a clearer understanding of what sociologists do outside of teaching in universities. And most importantly, an understanding of what they could do with sociology. Readable, relevant, and accessible, *Doing Sociology* is an invaluable resource as a stand-alone course reader or as a supplement to a traditional textbook.

case study sociology: What Is a Case? Charles C. Ragin, Howard Saul Becker, 1992-07-31

The concept of the case is a basic feature of social science research and yet many questions about how a case should be defined, selected, and judged are far from settled. The contributors to this volume probe the nature of the case and the ways in which different understandings of the concept affect the conduct and the results of research. The contributions demonstrate that the work of any given researcher is often characterised by some hybrid of these basic approaches, and it is important to understand that most research involves multiple definitions and uses of cases, as both specific empirical phenomena and as general theoretical categories.

case study sociology: A Case for the Case Study Joe R. Feagin, Anthony M. Orum, Gideon

Sjoberg, 2016-08-01 Since the end of World War II, social science research has become increasingly quantitative in nature. *A Case for the Case Study* provides a rationale for an alternative to quantitative research: the close investigation of single instances of social phenomena. The first section of the book contains an overview of the central methodological issues involved in the use of the case study method. Then, well-known scholars describe how they undertook case study research in order to understand changes in church involvement, city life, gender roles, white-collar crimes, family structure, homelessness, and other types of social experience. Each contributor confronts several key questions: What does the case study tell us that other approaches cannot? To what extent can one generalize from the study of a single case or of a highly limited set of cases? Does case study work provide the basis for postulating broad principles of social structure and behavior? The answers vary, but the consensus is that the opportunity to examine certain kinds of social phenomena in depth enables social scientists to advance greatly our empirical understanding of social life. The contributors are Leon Anderson, Howard M. Bahr, Theodore Caplow, Joe R. Feagin, Gilbert Geis, Gerald Handel, Anthony M. Orum, Andree F. Sjoberg, Gideon Sjoberg, David A. Snow, Ted R. Vaughan, R. Stephen Warner, Christine L. Williams, and Norma Williams.

case study sociology: The Sociology of Shari'a: Case Studies from around the World Adam

Possamai, James T Richardson, Bryan S. Turner, 2014-12-04 This edited volume offers a collection of papers that present a comparative analysis of the development of Shari'a in countries with Muslim minorities, such as America, Australia, Germany, and Italy, as well as countries with Muslim majorities, such as Malaysia, Bangladesh, Turkey, and Tunisia. *The Sociology of Shari'a* provides a global analysis of these important legal transformations and analyzes the topic from a sociological perspective. It explores examples of non-Western countries that have a Muslim minority in their populations, including South Africa, China, Singapore, and the Philippines. In addition, the third part of the book includes case studies that explore some ground-breaking theories on the sociology of Shari'a, such as the application of Black, Chambliss, and Eisenstein's sociological perspectives.

case study sociology: The Case Study in Social Research Barbara Sena, 2023-10-23 The Case

Study in Social Research proposes and develops an innovative, rigorous, and up to date methodological clarification of the case study approach in the social sciences to consistently and consciously apply it to different fields of social research. It aspires to provide the reader not with a set of prescriptive rules, but rather with a 'methodological awareness' of the complexity and

peculiarity of applying a case study, so that they may carefully evaluate the limits and potential of conducting this type of investigation. What is case study research in the sociological field really? How do we carry out a social inquiry of this type? How does it differ from other social research approaches? In answering these questions, this book leads the reader on a historical, epistemological, technical, and applicative path in the methodology of social research, by examining all aspects of the case study approach. The aim is to respond to as-yet still equivocal and misunderstood methodological issues, and provide a systematic illustration and exemplification of the case study approach, beginning from its sociological and methodological roots, its research design, and on through to its preparation and administration. Space is also dedicated to specifically and practically understanding the differences between the case study and the other social research approaches, with which it is often confused in literature, such as ethnographic research, grounded theory, or qualitative research. This book is suitable for upper level undergraduate and postgraduate students in the social sciences, and as a supplementary textbook to primary methods texts, as well as for social researchers, and other practitioners and academics with a firm grounding in social research methodologies.

case study sociology: *Case Study Method* Roger Gomm, Martyn Hammersley, Peter Foster, 2000-10-17 This is the most comprehensive guide to the current uses and importance of case study methods in social research. The editors bring together key contributions from the field which reflect different interpretations of the purpose and capacity of case study research. The address issues such as: the problem of generalizing from study of a small number of cases; and the role of case study in developing and testing theories. The editors offer in-depth assessments of the main arguments. An annotated bibliography of the literature dealing with case study research makes this an exhaustive and indispensable guide.

case study sociology: *A Case for the Case Study* Joe R. Feagin, Anthony M. Orum, Gideon Sjoberg, 1991 Since the end of World War II, social science research has become increasingly quantitative in nature. A Case for the Case Study provides a rationale for an alternative to quantitative research: the close investigation of single instances of social

case study sociology: *Case Studies and Theory Development in the Social Sciences* Alexander L. George, Andrew Bennett, 2005-04-15 The use of case studies to build and test theories in political science and the other social sciences has increased in recent years. Many scholars have argued that the social sciences rely too heavily on quantitative research and formal models and have attempted to develop and refine rigorous methods for using case studies. This text presents a comprehensive analysis of research methods using case studies and examines the place of case studies in social science methodology. It argues that case studies, statistical methods, and formal models are complementary rather than competitive. The book explains how to design case study research that will produce results useful to policymakers and emphasizes the importance of developing policy-relevant theories. It offers three major contributions to case study methodology: an emphasis on the importance of within-case analysis, a detailed discussion of process tracing, and development of the concept of typological theories. *Case Studies and Theory Development in the Social Sciences* will be particularly useful to graduate students and scholars in social science methodology and the philosophy of science, as well as to those designing new research projects, and will contribute greatly to the broader debate about scientific methods.

case study sociology: *Introduction to Sociology 2e* Nathan J. Keirns, Heather Griffiths, Eric Strayer, Susan Cody-Rydzewski, Gail Scaramuzzo, Sally Vyain, Tommy Sadler, Jeff D. Bry, Faye Jones, 2015-03-17 This text is intended for a one-semester introductory course.--Page 1.

case study sociology: *Reforming Education and Changing Schools* Richard Bowe, Stephen J. Ball, Anne Gold, 2017-04-28 The Education Reform Act introduced in England and Wales in 1988 brought about enormous changes in schools, both as management units and as educational institutions. This book, first published in 1992, was the first to look at the effects of the Act in all its aspects on the basis of empirical evidence gathered from schools over the first three years of the Act's implementation. It looks at how change is being achieved in the Local Management of Schools,

the influence of the market on schools, the introduction of the National Curriculum and the place of Special Needs provision in the new education scene. This book will be of interest to all who want to know about educational reform in Britain. It will also be of interest to those in the fields of education policy, educational management and sociology of education.

case study sociology: The SAGE Handbook of Case-Based Methods David Byrne, Charles C Ragin, 2009-07-01 This handbook provides a clear examination of case-oriented research. It defines case-based social research as a subfield of methodology.

case study sociology: Case Study Research John Gerring, 2007 Aims to provide a general understanding of the case study method as well as specific tools for its successful implementation. It breaks down traditional boundaries between qualitative and quantitative, experimental and nonexperimental, positivist and interpretivist.

case study sociology: The Extended Case Method Michael Burawoy, 2009-05-27 In this remarkable collection of essays, Michael Burawoy develops the extended case method by connecting his own experiences among workers of the world to the great transformations of the twentieth century—the rise and fall of the Soviet Union and its satellites, the reconstruction of U.S. capitalism, and the African transition to post-colonialism in Zambia. Burawoy's odyssey began in 1968 in the Zambian copper mines and proceeded to Chicago's South Side, where he worked as a machine operator and enjoyed a unique perspective on the stability of advanced capitalism. In the 1980s, this perspective was deepened by contrast with his work in diverse Hungarian factories. Surprised by the collapse of socialism in Hungary in 1989, he journeyed in 1991 to the Soviet Union, which by the end of the year had unexpectedly dissolved. He then spent the next decade studying how the working class survived the catastrophic collapse of the Soviet economy. These essays, presented with a perspective that has benefited from time and rich experience, offer ethnographers a theory and a method for developing novel understandings of epochal change.

case study sociology: Key Concepts in Social Research Geoff Payne, Judy Payne, 2004-03-18 'This clearly written and user-friendly book is ideal for students or researchers who wish to get a basic, but solid grasp of a topic and see how it fits with other topics. By following the links a student can easily and efficiently build up a clear conceptual map of social research' - Malcolm Williams, Reader in Sociology, Cardiff University 'This is a really useful book, written in an accessible manner for students beginning their study of social research methods. It is helpful both as an introductory text and as a reference guide for more advanced students. Most of the key topics in methods and methodology are covered and it will be suitable as a recommended text on a wide variety of courses' - Clive Seale, Brunel University At last, an authoritative, crystal-clear introduction to research methods which really takes account of the needs of students for accessible, focused information to help with undergraduate essays and exams. The key concepts discussed here are based on a review of teaching syllabi and the authors' experience of many years of teaching. Topics range over qualitative and quantitative approaches and combine practical considerations with philosophical issues. They include several new topics, like internet and phone polling, internet searches, and visual methods. Each section is free-standing, can be tackled in order, but with links to other sections to enable students to cross-reference and build up a wider understanding of central research methods. To facilitate comprehension and aid study, each section begins with a definition. It is followed by a summary of key points with key words and guides to further reading and up-to-date examples. The book is a major addition to undergraduate reading lists. It is reliable, allows for easy transference to essays and exams and easy to use, and exceptionally clearly written for student consumption. The book answers the needs of all those who find research methods daunting, and for those who have dreamt of an ideal introduction to the subject.

case study sociology: The Presentation of Self in Everyday Life Erving Goffman, 2021-09-29 A notable contribution to our understanding of ourselves. This book explores the realm of human behavior in social situations and the way that we appear to others. Dr. Goffman uses the metaphor of theatrical performance as a framework. Each person in everyday social intercourse presents himself and his activity to others, attempts to guide and control the impressions they form of him, and

employs certain techniques in order to sustain his performance, just as an actor presents a character to an audience. The discussions of these social techniques offered here are based upon detailed research and observation of social customs in many regions.

case study sociology: Psychologism Martin Kusch, 2005-06-23 First published in 1995. When did psychology become a distinct discipline? What links the continental and analytic traditions in philosophy? Answers to both questions are found in this extraordinary account of the debate surrounding psychologism in Germany at the turn of the century. The trajectory of twentieth century philosophy has been largely determined by this anti-naturalist view which holds that empirical research is in principle different from philosophical inquiry, and can never make significant contributions to the latter's central issues. Martin Kusch explores the origins of psychologism through the work of two major figures in the history of twentieth century philosophy, Gottlob Frege and Edmund Husserl. His sociological and historical reconstruction shows how the power struggle between the experimental psychologists and pure philosophers influenced the thought of these two philosophers, shaping their agendas and determining the success of their arguments for a sharp separation of logic from psychology. A move that was crucial in the creation of the distinct discipline of psychology and was responsible for the anti-naturalism found in both the analytic and the phenomenological traditions in philosophy. Students and lecturers in philosophy, psychology, linguistics, cognitive science and history will find this study invaluable for understanding a key moment in the intellectual history of the twentieth century.

case study sociology: Leisure, Lifestyle and the New Middle Class Derek Wynne, 2002-01-22 In this valuable study, conducted within the theoretical context associated with the work of Pierre Bourdieu, Derek Wynne looks at how the 'new middle class' of the late twentieth century goes about constructing and defending its social identity.

case study sociology: Multimethod Research, Causal Mechanisms, and Case Studies Gary Goertz, 2017-08-15 An innovative and accessible textbook on multimethod and case-study research Multimethod research has become indispensable to doing social science, and is essential to anyone who conducts large-scale research projects in political science, sociology, education, comparative law, or business. This authoritative and accessible book offers the first truly comprehensive approach to multimethod and case-study research, and is particularly aimed at students of qualitative methods in the social sciences. Walking step-by-step through these cutting-edge tools and techniques, Gary Goertz introduces a new integrated approach that unites three corners of a powerful research triad—causal mechanisms, cross-case causal inference, and within-case causal inference. He explains how the investigation of causal mechanisms and the making of within-case causal inference are the central goals of multimethod and case study research, and provides a logic for connecting case studies and causal mechanism analysis with cross-case analysis, whether they are statistical analyses, experiments, or QCA. In addition, Goertz analyzes how one can generalize using case studies, as well as systematically test game-theoretic and other models using multiple case studies. Provides a fully integrated approach to multimethod and case-study research An essential resource for students and researchers in political science, sociology, education, law, and business Covers constraint causal mechanism, game theory and case studies, QCA, and the use of case studies to systematically test and generalize theories An ideal textbook for a first-year graduate course in methods or research design

case study sociology: Social Science Research Anol Bhattacharjee, 2012-04-01 This book is designed to introduce doctoral and graduate students to the process of conducting scientific research in the social sciences, business, education, public health, and related disciplines. It is a one-stop, comprehensive, and compact source for foundational concepts in behavioral research, and can serve as a stand-alone text or as a supplement to research readings in any doctoral seminar or research methods class. This book is currently used as a research text at universities on six continents and will shortly be available in nine different languages.

case study sociology: The Anatomy of the Case Study Gary Thomas, Kevin Myers, 2015-05-20 This sharp, stimulating title provides a structure for thinking about, analysing and designing case

study. It explores the historical, theoretical and practical bones of modern case study research, offering to social scientists a framework for understanding and working with this form of inquiry. Using detailed analysis of examples taken from across the social sciences Thomas and Myers set out, and then work through, an intricate typology of case study design to answer questions such as: How is a case study constructed? What are the required, inherent components of case study? Can a coherent structure be applied to this form of inquiry? The book grounds complex theoretical insights in real world research and includes an extended example that has been annotated line by line to take the reader through each step of understanding and conducting research using case study.

case study sociology: The Handbook of Social Work Research Methods Bruce Thyer, 2010 In the field of social work, qualitative research is starting to gain more prominence as are mixed methods and various issues regarding race, ethnicity and gender. These changes in the field are reflected and updated in The Handbook of Social Work Research Methods, Second Edition. This text contains meta analysis, designs to evaluate treatment and provides the support to help students harness the power of the Internet. This handbook brings together leading scholars in research methods in social work. --Book Jacket.

case study sociology: Public Sociology Philip Nyden, Leslie Hossfeld, Gwendolyn Nyden, 2011-05-04 This book highlights the variety of ways in which sociology brings about social change in community settings, assists nonprofit and social service organizations in their work, and influences policy at the local, regional, and national levels. It also spotlights sociology that informs the general public on key policy issues through media and creates research centers that develop and carry out collaborative research. The book details a broad range of sociology projects. The 33 case studies are divided into 8 sections. Each section also includes sidebars of include non-sociologists writing about the impact of selected research projects. In some cases these are interdisciplinary projects since solutions to social problems are often multifaceted and do not fit into the disciplines as defined by universities. Further, it emphasizes actions and connections. This is not armchair sociology where self-proclaimed public sociologists just write articles suggesting what government, corporations, communities, or others ought to do. The authors are interested in the active connections to publics and users of the research, not the passive research process.

case study sociology: Sociology in Action David S. Hachen, 2001 Part 1 Doing Sociology Seeing Society Using Theory Decoding Culture Uncovering Inequalities and Power Imagining Futures Part 2 Decision Cases The Worth of a Sparrow Conflict at Riverside Tossin' and Turnin' Lucy Allman In the Eye of the Beholder The Case of the Minnetonka Kawn Ordinance Off to College What's So Scary about the Truth? People Like You Lisa's Hidden Identity.

case study sociology: Multiple Case Study Analysis Robert E. Stake, 2013-04-29 Examining situational complexity is a vital part of social and behavioral science research. This engaging text provides an effective process for studying multiple cases--such as sets of teachers, staff development sessions, or clinics operating in different locations--within one complex program. The process also can be used to investigate broadly occurring phenomena without programmatic links, such as leadership or sibling rivalry. Readers learn to design, analyze, and report studies that balance common issues across the group of cases with the unique features and context of each case. Three actual case reports from a transnational early childhood program illustrate the author's approach, and helpful reproducible worksheets facilitate multicase recording and analysis.

case study sociology: Case Study Research in Practice Helen Simons, 2009-03-18 Case Study Research in Practice explores the theory and practice of case study research. Helen Simons draws on her extensive experience of teaching and conducting case study to provide a comprehensive and practical account of how to design, conduct and communicate case study research. It addresses questions often raised by students and common misconceptions about case research. In four sections the book covers - Rationale, concept and design of case study research - Methods, ethics and reflexivity in case study - Interpreting, analyzing and reporting the case - Generalizing and theorizing in case study research Rich with 'tales from the field' and summary memos as an aide-memoire to future action, the book provides fresh insights and challenges for

researchers to guide their practice of case study research. This is an ideal text for those studying and conducting case study research in education, health and social care, and related social science disciplines. Helen Simons is Professor Emeritus of Education University of Southampton

case study sociology: Stigma Erving Goffman, 2009-11-24 From the author of *The Presentation of Self in Everyday Life*, *Stigma* analyzes a person's feelings about himself and his relationship to people whom society calls "normal." *Stigma* is an illuminating excursion into the situation of persons who are unable to conform to standards that society calls normal. Disqualified from full social acceptance, they are stigmatized individuals. Physically deformed people, ex-mental patients, drug addicts, prostitutes, or those ostracized for other reasons must constantly strive to adjust to their precarious social identities. Their image of themselves must daily confront and be affronted by the image which others reflect back to them. Drawing extensively on autobiographies and case studies, sociologist Erving Goffman analyzes the stigmatized person's feelings about himself and his relationship to "normals" He explores the variety of strategies stigmatized individuals employ to deal with the rejection of others, and the complex sorts of information about themselves they project. In *Stigma* the interplay of alternatives the stigmatized individual must face every day is brilliantly examined by one of America's leading social analysts.

case study sociology: Research Training for Social Scientists Dawn Burton, 2000-03-15 With indispensable advice for students from all social science backgrounds, this handbook provides the core conceptual and practical skills to embark on successful research. The organization of the book reflects the knowledge that is required in order to become a competent and effective researcher. It follows the life-cycle of the research project: it begins with a discussion of ethical and philosophical issues; presents guides to both quantitative and qualitative data collection and analysis; provides help on using computers in research; and includes advice on how to write up and present a research project. Based on the UK Economic and Social Research Council advice on the training which students should undertake in preparation for postgraduate research, this book will be invaluable for all beginning researchers.

case study sociology: The Study of Sociology Herbert Spencer, 1874

case study sociology: Visual Sociology Dennis Zuev, Gary Bratchford, 2021-01-04 This book provides a user-friendly guide to the expanding scope of visual sociology, through a discussion of a broad range of visual material, and reflections on how such material can be studied sociologically. The chapters draw on specific case-study examples that examine the complexity of the hyper-visual social world we live in, exploring three domains of the 'relational image': the urban, social media, and the aerial. Zuev and Bratchford tackle issues such as visual politics and surveillance, practices of visual production and visibility, analysing the changing nature of the visual. They review a range of methods which can be used by researchers in the social sciences, utilising new media and their visual interfaces, while also assessing the changing nature of visibility. This concise overview will be of use to students and researchers aiming to adopt visual methods and theories in their own subject areas such as sociology, visual culture and related courses in photography, new-media and visual studies.

case study sociology: Qualitative Research in Sociology Amir Marvasti, 2004 *Qualitative Research in Sociology* offers a hands-on guide to doing qualitative research in sociology. It provides an introductory survey of the methodological and theoretical dimensions of qualitative research as practiced by those interested in the study of social life. Through a detailed yet concise explanation, the reader is shown how these methods work and how their outcomes may be interpreted. Practically focused throughout, the book also offers constructive advice for students analyzing and writing their research projects. The book has a flowing narrative and student-friendly structure which makes it accessible to and popular with students. It will be an invaluable resource for students and researchers, helping them to undertake effective qualitative research in both sociology and courses in social research across the social sciences.

case study sociology: Case Study Method Roger Gomm, Martyn Hammersley, Peter Foster, 2000-10-17 This is the most comprehensive guide to the current uses and importance of case study

methods in social research. The editors bring together key contributions from the field which reflect different interpretations of the purpose and capacity of case study research. The address issues such as: the problem of generalizing from study of a small number of cases; and the role of case study in developing and testing theories. The editors offer in-depth assessments of the main arguments. An annotated bibliography of the literature dealing with case study research makes this an exhaustive and indispensable guide.

case study sociology: Who Plays? who Pays? who Cares? Sylvia Kenig, 1992 This work provides a detailed look at the concept of community in the literature of the community mental health centers (CMHC) movement from the 1960s to the 1990s. The author takes the analysis well beyond a history of the movement into the realm of applied theory. The purpose of the book is to explore the interwoven dynamics of state policy, market trends and applied theory. Who Plays? Who Pays? Who Cares? breaks new ground in its systematic examination of structural functional and conflict sociology underlying American social psychiatry. The work also provides support for the argument that state policy and market conditions significantly limit and direct the applications of theory.

case study sociology: Introduction to Sociology 3e Tonja R. Conerly, Kathleen Holmes, Asha Lal Tamang, 2024-09-09 Introduction to Sociology 3e aligns to the topics and objectives of many introductory sociology courses. It is arranged in a manner that provides foundational sociological theories and contexts, then progresses through various aspects of human and societal interactions. The new edition is focused on driving meaningful and memorable learning experiences related to critical thinking about society and culture. The text includes comprehensive coverage of core concepts, discussions and data relevant to a diverse audience, and features that draw learners into the discipline in powerful and personal ways. Overall, Introduction to Sociology 3e aims to center the course and discipline as crucial elements for understanding relationships, society, and civic engagement; the authors seek to lay the foundation for students to apply what they learn throughout their lives and careers. This is an adaptation of Introduction to Sociology 3e by OpenStax. You can access the textbook for free at openstax.org. Minor editorial changes were made to ensure a better reading experience. Textbook content produced by OpenStax is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License.

case study sociology: Case Study Research John Gerring, 2016-12-24 Case Study Research: Principles and Practices provides a general understanding of the case study method as well as specific tools for its successful implementation. These tools are applicable in a variety of fields including anthropology, business and management, communications, economics, education, medicine, political science, psychology, social work, and sociology. Topics include: a survey of case study approaches; a methodologically tractable definition of 'case study'; strategies for case selection, including random sampling and other algorithmic approaches; quantitative and qualitative modes of case study analysis; and problems of internal and external validity. The second edition of this core textbook is designed to be accessible to readers who are new to the subject and is thoroughly revised and updated, incorporating recent research, numerous up-to-date studies and comprehensive lecture slides.

case study sociology: Case Study Research Peter Swanborn, 2010-06-22 How should case studies be selected? Is case study methodology fundamentally different to that of other methods? What, in fact, is a case? Case Study Research: What, Why and How? is an authoritative and nuanced exploration of the many faces of case-based research methods. As well as the what, how and why, the author also examines the when and which - always with an eye on practical applications to the design, collection, analysis and presentation of the research. Case study methodology can prove a confusing and fragmented topic. In bringing diverse notions of case study research together in one volume and sensitising the reader to the many varying definitions and perceptions of 'case study', this book equips researchers at all levels with the knowledge to make an informed choice of research strategy.

case study sociology: Sociology Alive! Stephen Moore, 2001 Stop talking double Dutch and

start talking the official language of the Netherlands with this guide, which should help you to build your vocabulary and perfect your grammar. Whether you are conversing with a tulip seller or asking directions to the Van Gogh museum, this title aims to help you feel confident understanding and speaking the language.

case study sociology: *Encyclopedia of Case Study Research: L - Z* Albert J. Mills, Gabrielle Durepos, Elden Wiebe, 2010

case study sociology: Approaches and Methodologies in the Social Sciences Donatella Della Porta, Michael Keating, 2008-08-28 A revolutionary textbook introducing masters and doctoral students to the major research approaches and methodologies in the social sciences. Written by an outstanding set of scholars, and derived from successful course teaching, this volume will empower students to choose their own approach to research, to justify this approach, and to situate it within the discipline. It addresses questions of ontology, epistemology and philosophy of social science, and proceeds to issues of methodology and research design essential for producing a good research proposal. It also introduces researchers to the main issues of debate and contention in the methodology of social sciences, identifying commonalities, historic continuities and genuine differences.

Back to Home: <https://fc1.getfilecloud.com>